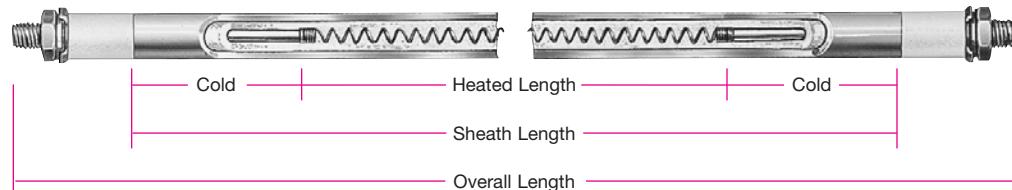


Introduction

Tubular Heater Introduction

Typical Applications

- » **Forced air heating**
- » **Thermal forming machines**
- » **Direct immersion in liquids**
- » **Comfort radiant heaters**
- » **Welded, brazed or clamped to tanks and pipes**
- » **Hot runner molds**
- » **Combination radiant and convection heater for ovens and dryers**



Design Guidelines

Resistance Tolerance

Tubular heating elements have an Industry Standard Resistance Tolerance of $+10\%$, -5% which translates to a Wattage Tolerance of $+5\%$, -10% . Consult Tempco if tighter tolerances are required for your application.

Watt Density

Element Watt Density is the wattage dissipated per square inch of the element sheath surface and is critical to the proper heating of the application and to the life expectancy of the heater. The Watt Density is calculated with the following formula:

$$\text{Watt Density (w/in}^2\text{)} = \frac{\text{Element Wattage}}{\pi \times \text{Element Dia.} \times \text{Element Heated Length}}$$

For a particular application element watt density will govern element sheath and internal resistance wire temperature. Factors to consider when choosing a suitable watt density are:

1. Many materials are heat sensitive and can decompose or be damaged if the element is running too hot.
2. Air and other gases that are poor conductors of heat require watt densities matched to the velocity of the gas flow to prevent element overheating.
3. When heating hard water or cleaning solutions, mineral deposits can build up on the element sheath, acting as a heat insulator and raising the internal element temperature. If these deposits cannot be periodically removed, use a lower watt density element to increase heater life expectancy.
4. When tubular heaters are used in UL recognized oil immersion heating applications the heated oil temperature cannot exceed 257°F (125°C). Steel sheath elements are limited to 60 watts/in². Tubular heaters with steel or stainless steel bulkhead fittings used in UL oil heating applications are not pressure rated. Contact Tempco for other application specific UL file information.
5. Page 16-12 in the Engineering Data Section of this catalog lists the maximum recommended heater watt density for many materials. For additional information and help please contact Tempco.

Construction Characteristics

Tempco Tubular Heaters are the most versatile and widely used source of electric heat for industrial, commercial and scientific applications. They can be designed in a wide range of electrical ratings, diameters, lengths, terminations, and sheath materials. Important and useful characteristics of tubular heaters are that they can be formed into virtually any shape, brazed or welded to any metal surface, and cast into metals. Carefully researched manufacturing methods and quality materials have made Tempco tubular heaters stand apart from other heating elements claiming similar performance.

The cutaway view shows the tubular heater's basic construction. A computer-designed helical coil of 80% Nickel 20% Chromium alloy resistance wire is fusion welded to the nickel-coated steel terminal cold pin. This coil assembly is precisely stretched and centered in the element metal sheath, which is then filled with Grade "A" Magnesium Oxide powder (MgO). The filled tube is then compacted by a roll reduction mill into a solid mass, permanently stabilizing the coil in the center of the tube while providing excellent heat transfer and dielectric strength between the coil and the sheath.

into a solid mass, permanently stabilizing the coil in the center of the tube while providing excellent heat transfer and dielectric strength between the coil and the sheath.



Tempco Tubular Heating Elements are certified as Recognized Components by Underwriters Laboratories (File Number E90771) under CCN UBJY2/8 to meet UL Standard UL1030. Tempco's equivalent CSA File Number is 043099. Tubular elements with bulkhead fittings have also been certified for oil heating (File Number MP4154) under CCN MDST2/8 to meet UL Standard 574.

If you require UL, CSA, or other NRTL agency approvals, please specify when ordering.



Important Note — When heating any substance it is critical to match the heater watt density, operating temperature and sheath material to the specific medium being heated. Failure to do so will result in premature heater failure and/or unsafe conditions.

View Product Inventory @ www.tempco.com

Tubular Heater Standard Specifications

Element Diameter in mm	Maximum Voltage	Maximum Amperage	Resistance in Ohms per Heated Inch		Sheath Length min. max.			
			min	max	in	mm	in	mm
.260	6.6	250	15	.100	17	11	279	200 5080
.315	8.0	480	30	.060	21	11	279	200 5080
.375	9.5	600	30	.040	21	11	279	200 5080
.430	10.9	600	40	.040	21	11	279	255 6807
.475	12.1	600	40	.040	21	11	279	255 6807
.625	15.9	600	40	.040	17	11	279	255 6477

Table 1 Electrical Limitations and Minimum/Maximum Sheath Lengths

Length		Sheath Length Tolerance (\pm)		Heated Length Tolerance (\pm)		Minimum Unheated Length Each End	
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
11-20	279-508	3/32	2.4	1/4	6	1	25
20-50	508-1270	1/8	3.2	1/2	13	1-1/4	32
50-80	1270-2032	5/32	4.0	7/8	22	1-1/2	38
80-110	2032-2794	3/16	4.8	1-1/8	29	1-5/8	42
110-140	2794-3556	7/32	5.6	1-3/8	35	1-3/4	44
140-170	3556-4318	1/4	6.4	1-5/8	41	2	51
170-200	4318-5080	3/8	9.5	1-7/8	48	2-1/4	57
200-up	5080-up	1/2	12.7	2-3/8	60	2-1/2	64

Table 2 Sheath and Heated Length Tolerance
(applicable for all diameters)

Tubular Heater Standard Sheath Materials

The selection of a sheath material should be made based on the chemical composition of the gas or liquid being heated, the characteristics of the materials entering the solution, and the processes controls. A material selection guide can be found on page 16-12.

NOTE: The best source for chemical/sheath compatibility is the supplier of the gas or liquid to be heated.

The following are the most common tubular element sheath materials. For other materials consult Tempco.

Incloy® 840: Nickel 18-20%, Chromium 18-22%, Iron balance. Has about 10% less nickel than Incloy 800. Used in many air heating applications, where it has exhibited superior oxidation resistance at less cost than Incloy 800.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1600°F / 871°C

Incloy® 800: Nickel 30-35%, Chromium 19-23%, Iron balance. The high nickel content of this alloy contributes to its resistance to scaling and corrosion. Used in air heating and immersion heating of potable water and other liquids.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1600°F / 871°C

316 Stainless Steel: Chromium 16-18%, Nickel 11-14%, Iron balance. Modified with the addition of Molybdenum (2-3%) to improve corrosion resistance in certain environments, especially those which would tend to cause pitting due to the presence of chlorides. Applications include deionized water.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1200°F / 649°C

304 Stainless Steel: Chromium 18-20%, Nickel 8-11%, Iron balance. Used in the food industry, medical, and chemical heating.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1200°F / 649°C

321 Stainless Steel: Chromium 17-20%, Nickel 9-13%, Iron balance. Modified with the addition of Titanium to prevent carbide precipitation and resulting intergranular corrosion that can take place in certain mediums when operating in the 800-1200°F (427-649°C) temperature range.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1200°F / 649°C

Copper: Standard Copper Alloy

A low temperature, inexpensive material used mainly for clean water heating.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 350°F / 177°C

Steel: Low Carbon

Used for high to low viscosity oils, asphalt, tar, wax, molten salt, heat transfer liquid media and other compatible solutions.

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 750°F / 399°C

Other Sheath Materials: Available for a limited number of diameters. Consult Tempco for more information.

Inconel® 600: Iron 6-10%, Chromium 14-17%, Nickel balance

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1800°F / 982°C

Incloy® 825: Nickel 38-46%, Chromium 19.5-23.5%, Molybdenum 2.5-3.5%, Iron balance

Maximum Sheath Temperature: 1100°F / 593°C



Maximum Sheath Temperature refers to the maximum temperature of the element sheath material.

Consideration must be given to the maximum temperature that can be safely applied to the heated material.

See **Watt Density** on the previous page for additional information.

Sheath Treatments and Terminations

Incoloy® and Stainless Steel Element Sheath Surface Treatments

Standard Surface Finish

The standard tubular heater element surface finish is a black chrome oxide, produced when the element is annealed prior to forming in an exothermic atmosphere furnace.

Optional Surface Finishes

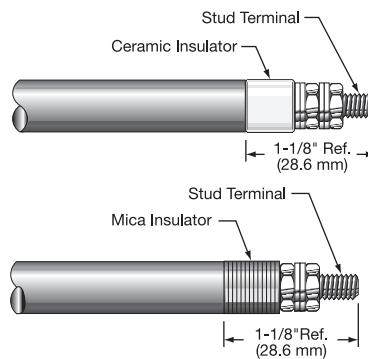
Bright Annealing is an option where the tubular heater is annealed in a dissociated ammonia atmosphere furnace. This produces a clean metallic appearance without surface-etching the sheath.

Electro-Polishing is an electrochemical process that removes surface imperfections and contaminants, enhancing the corrosion resisting ability of the sheath. The resulting surface is clean, smooth and has a bright finish; it is highly recommended for medical, food and other harsh applications.

Passivation removes surface contamination, usually iron, so that the optimum corrosion resistance of the stainless steel is maintained. Surface contamination could come from the small amount of steel that may be worn off a tool during the manufacturing process.

Standard Tubular Heater Terminations

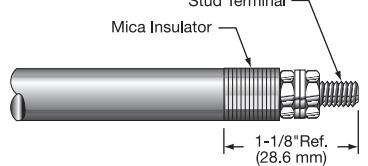
• • • • • • • • • Select the termination style that meets your requirements for space, accessibility and reliability. • • • • • • • • •



TYPE T—STANDARD

Threaded stud terminal with ceramic insulator.

Element Diameter	Standard Thread Size
.260	6-32
.315	8-32
.375	8-32
.430	10-32
.475	10-32
.625	10-32



TYPE TM—Stud with Mica Insulator

Stud terminal with mica insulator.

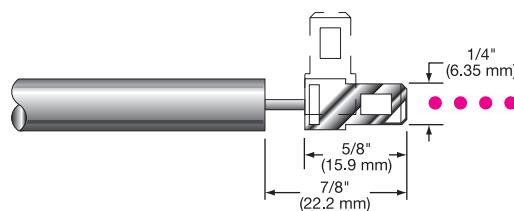
Other thread sizes and lengths are available.



TYPE P—Plain Pin

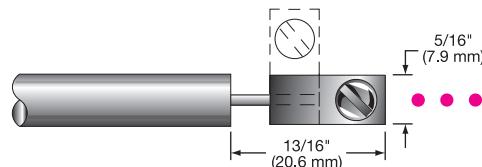
Plain terminal pin. Specify Length "L."
Standard 1/2" (12.7 mm) pin length.

Element Diameter	Nominal Pin Diameter
.260	.091 2.3
.315	.105 2.7
.375	.105 2.7
.430	.125 3.2
.475	.125 3.2
.625	.160 4.1



TYPE SF & SF9 (90°)—Quick Connect

1/4" male (3/16" optional) quick connect (slip-on) terminals are welded to the element terminal pin. They provide quick and easy installation of lead wire with excellent holding force. Specify if an optional mica or ceramic insulator is required. Material: Nickel-Plated Steel.



TYPE L__ & L9__ (90°)—Terminal Lug

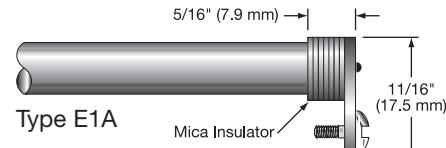
A nickel-plated steel lug is projection welded to the terminal pin straight (Type "L__") or at 90° to the sheath (Type "L9__"). Specify if an optional mica or ceramic insulator is required.

Standard LA, L9A 10-32 screw Optional LB, L9B 8-32 screw

Tubular Heater Standard Terminations

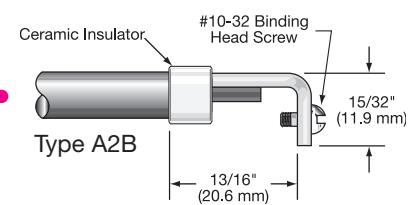
TYPE E — Right-Angle Lug Terminal

- Type E1A** 8-32 screw with mica insulator (Standard) • • • • •
- Type E1B** 8-32 screw with ceramic insulator
- Type E2A** 10-32 screw with mica insulator
- Type E2B** 10-32 screw with ceramic insulator



TYPE A — Right-Angle Terminal (for use when space is tight)

- Type A1A** 8-32 screw with mica insulator • • • • •
- Type A1B** 8-32 screw with ceramic insulator
- Type A2A** 10-32 screw with mica insulator
- Type A2B** 10-32 screw with ceramic insulator (Standard)



TYPE F1 — Lead Wire

When selecting a lead wire type, consideration should be given to the maximum ambient temperature the lead wire is exposed to and the environment it is in. Lead wire options Type R1 and W1 below will provide additional environmental protection to the Type F1 lead wire selected.

Type F1A 250°C (482°F) TGGT insulation

Type F1B 450°C (842°F) MGT insulation

Type F1C 200°C (392°F) Teflon® insulation

Type F1D 150°C (302°F) Silicone Rubber insulation

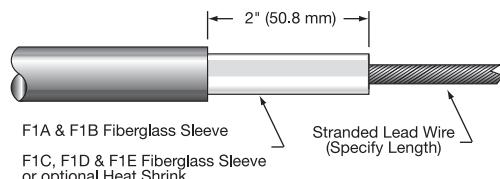
Type F1E 105°C (221°F) Thermoplastic (PVC) insulation

Standard 10" (254 mm) leads with fiberglass sleeve. Specify if other lead length is required.

F1C F1D & F1E available with optional heat shrink sleeving. Specify when ordering if required.



Lead wire gauge is determined by the ampacity of the heater with the lead wires in an ambient temperature of 40°C (104°F). Higher ambients may require heavier gauge lead wires.



Lead Wire Termination Options

TYPE R1 — Flexible Armor Cable

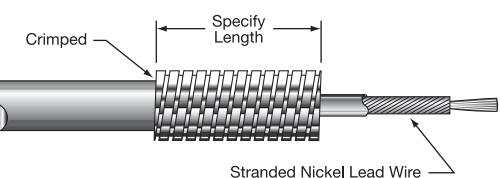
Type R1A Galvanized cable

Type R1B Stainless steel cable

Provides excellent protection to lead wires in abrasive environments.

Standard 10" (254 mm) armor cable over 12" (305 mm) leads.

Specify if other lead and/or cable lengths are required.

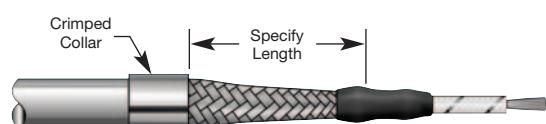


TYPE W1 — Stainless Steel Wire Braid

Provides good protection to lead wires where flexibility is needed.

Standard 10" (254 mm) braid over 12" (305 mm) leads.

Specify if other lead and/or cable lengths are required.



Mounting Methods

TYPE B — Bulkhead Fittings

Bulkhead fittings provide a leakproof method for mounting tubular heating elements through tank walls. Standard are round brass fittings crimped onto the element that are suitable for low pressure water (up to 80 psig) and non-pressure air. A brass hex nut, plated steel washer and gasket are supplied as standard.

Fittings for vacuum or high pressure gas and liquid use are silver brazed or TIG welded. Method will vary by material and application. Fittings in table are most commonly used. Special fittings can be made to meet your application requirements.

Standard fitting location is with threads flush at the end of the element sheath as shown below. For other locations specify distance from end of sheath.

 **Do not locate the fitting over the heated section of the element.**

Specify: Material; Round (Standard) or Hex Flange; Thread Type and Length; Location on Sheath; Crimped, Brazed, or Welded Construction.

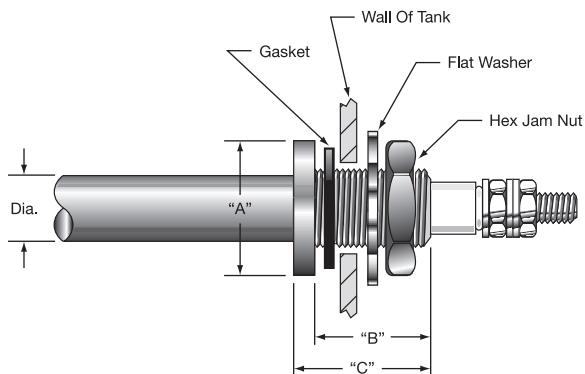
Fitting Attachment Method — General Guidelines

These are guidelines only. Consult Tempco if you require assistance in determining the method best suited to your application.

Fittings Crimped: Low pressure water (up to 80 psig) and non-pressure air applications

Fittings Brazed: Non-ferrous alloys (copper) and dissimilar non-weldable metals

Fittings Welded: High pressure liquids and gases, and high temperature applications



Custom fittings?
No problem—
we make
our own.



Standard Bulkhead Fittings For Tubular Heaters — Round Flanged Standard

Tubular Diameter in mm	Fitting Material	Flange Type	"A"		"B"		"C"		Thread Size (UNF)
.260 6.6	Brass	Round	3/4	19	1/2	12.7	5/8	16	1/2-20
.260 6.6	Stn. Stl.	Round	3/4	19	1/2	12.7	5/8	16	1/2-20
.315 8.0	Brass	Round	3/4	19	1/2	12.7	5/8	16	1/2-20
.315 8.0	Stn. Stl.	Round	3/4	19	1/2	12.7	5/8	16	1/2-20
.375 9.5	Brass	Round	3/4	19	1/2	12.7	5/8	16	1/2-20
.375 9.5	Stn. Stl.	Round	3/4	19	1/2	12.7	5/8	16	1/2-20
.430 10.9	Brass	Round or Hex	7/8	22	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	5/8-18
.430 10.9	Stn. Stl.	Round or Hex	7/8	22	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	5/8-18
.430 10.9	Steel	Round	7/8	22	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	5/8-18
.475 12.1	Brass	Round	7/8	22	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	5/8-18
.475 12.1	Stn. Stl.	Round	7/8	22	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	5/8-18
.475 12.1	Steel	Round	7/8	22	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	5/8-18
.475 12.1	Brass	Round	1	25	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	3/4-16
.475 12.1	Stn. Stl.	Round	1	25	3/4	19.0	7/8	22	3/4-16
.625 15.9	Stn. Stl.	Round	1-1/8	29	3/4	19.0	1	25	7/8-14



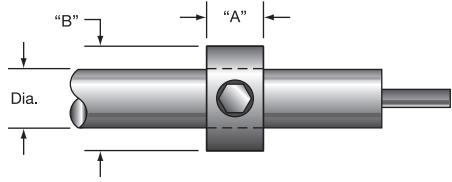
Note: Optional Larger Thread Sizes and Hex Flanged Bulkhead Fittings are available. Consult Tempco with your requirements.

Tubular Heater Standard Mounting Methods

Part Number	For Element Diameter		"A" Thick		"B" OD	
	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
FAS-108-102	.260	6.6	5/16	7.9	5/8	15.9
FAS-108-102	.315	8.0	5/16	7.9	5/8	15.9
FAS-108-103	.375	9.5	3/8	9.5	3/4	19.1
FAS-108-104	.430	10.9	7/16	11.1	7/8	22.2
FAS-108-106	.475	12.0	7/16	11.1	1	25.4

TYPE MC — Mounting Collar

Plated steel mounting collars are locked in place with a set-screw and serve as an adjustable stop for through-the-wall mounting. Collars are shipped in bulk unless otherwise specified. Mounting collars can be ordered with the heater or purchased separately.



TYPE LR — Locator Washer

Locator washers are permanently attached to the heater sheath by staking/crimping and are used to limit the movement of the heater while allowing for expansion and contraction of the heater sheath. When ordering, specify location from end of sheath.

Multiple element heater assembly with a custom mounting bracket.

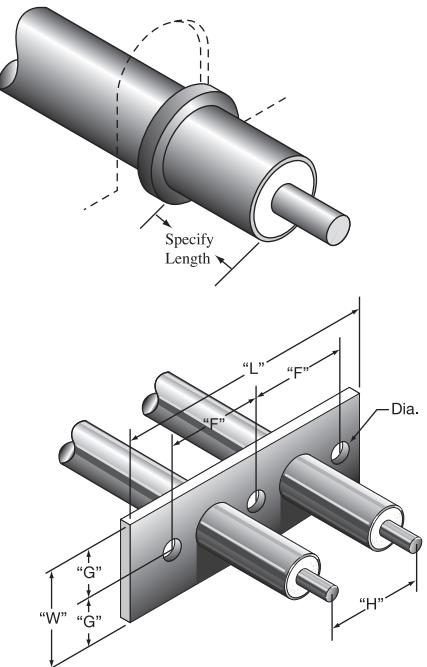


TYPE MF — Mounting Bracket

Tempco's made-to-order mounting brackets are made from 18 gauge stainless steel for strength and stiffness. It is an economical way to mount the heater in non-pressurizing, non-liquid applications. Unless otherwise specified, the bracket will be located 1/2" from the edge of the heater sheath. OEM quantity brackets are manufactured by Tempco on our own high speed precision N/C Turret Press. The standard method of attaching the tubular element to the bracket is staking or crimping.

The rectangular mounting bracket shown at right is a popular made-to-order design. Specify all dimensions shown when requesting a quote.

Custom brackets of any size, thickness or material can be supplied to meet your requirements.



Moisture Seals

Magnesium Oxide (MgO) is used as the insulating material in Tempco tubular heaters because of its excellent thermal conductivity and dielectric strength. However, MgO is hygroscopic and can absorb moisture from the atmosphere. This absorption of moisture may be detected when an Insulation Resistance (IR) test is done with a megohmmeter prior to energizing the heater circuit. In very humid environments, circuits utilizing a GFI (ground fault interrupter) for safety may experience nuisance tripping when energizing the heater.

The Tempco manufacturing process produces a dry element with an IR of several thousand megohms minimum. However, after shipment and depending on humidity levels and storage time, a heater can absorb moisture and show a decrease in IR. In many cases, depending on the supply voltage and the application, the heater can be safely energized and will dry itself out.

Style SS—Silicone Resin Seal

A brushed-on coating that penetrates the MgO, offering economical moisture protection under humid storage conditions.

Maximum Usable Termination Temperature: 390°F (200°C)

UL Rated Maximum Termination Temperature: 221°F (105°C)

Type V2A: conformal coating

Type V2B: silicone oil

Style SER—RTV Seal

RTV (room temperature vulcanizing) silicone rubber adhesive sealant provides a good moisture seal.

UL Rated – Maximum Termination Temperature:

Type R: 302°F (150°C)

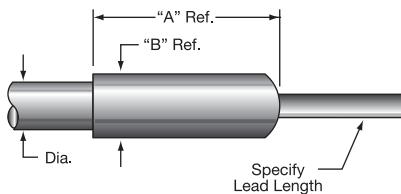
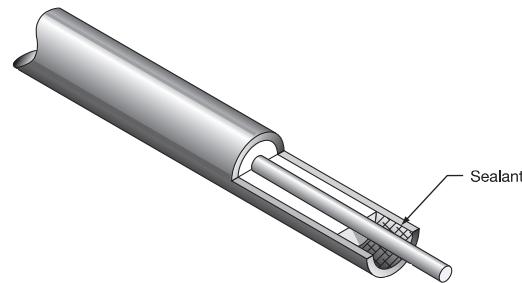
Type R1: 392°F (200°C)

TYPE M—Self Sealing Heat Shrinkable Boot with Lead Wire

This type seal is used primarily for defrost heaters. Temperature range -67 to 300°F (-55 to 149°C).

Standard 10" (254 mm) leads; specify longer leads if required.

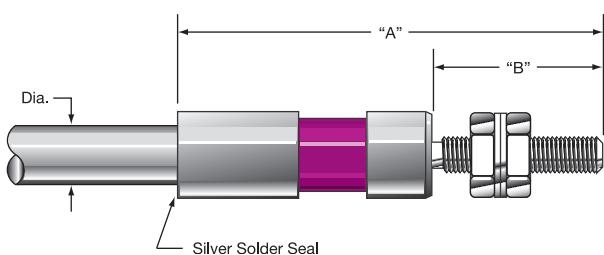
Heater Diameter in mm	"A"		"B"	
in mm	in	mm	in	mm
.260 6.6	2-1/8	54	7/16	11
.315 8.0	2-1/8	54	7/16	11
.430 10.9	2-1/8	54	9/16	14



TYPE H—Hermetic Seal

Ceramic to metal seals provide an airtight seal for temperatures to 500°F (260°C) in the seal area.

Heater Diameter in mm	"A"		"B"		Thread Size
in mm	in	mm	in	mm	
.260 6.6	1-11/16	43	13/32	10	8-32
.315 8.0	1-11/16	43	13/32	10	10-32
.430 10.9	2-1/8	54	21/32	17	1/4-28
.475 12.1	2-1/8	54	21/32	17	1/4-28



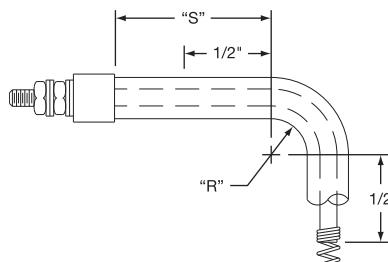
Tubular Heater Standard Bend Formations

Forming Tubular Elements

The MgO insulation used in tubular heating elements is compacted by reducing the element diameter in a roll reducing mill. The elements are then annealed in a controlled atmosphere furnace to relieve the metal stressing (work hardening) that takes place during the rolling to size reduction of the sheath. Annealing brings the metal back to a soft state, allowing the element to be bent into virtually any configuration. However, since forming also work hardens the metal, some precautions must be observed in order to prevent the sheath from breaking during bending or developing stress cracking marks.



Note: Elements with tight bends and some applications require the bends to be recompacted in special dies to restore the integrity of the insulation density and maintain dielectric strength. Large bends do not need to be recompacted.



Avoid bends within a minimum of 1/2" of the terminal pin and resistance wire junctions unless the bending radius is a minimum 3"(75 mm).

Tubular Element Minimum Bending Radius

Element Diameter in mm	Factory Bend Minimum R in mm	Field Bend Minimum R in mm	Minimum S in mm
.260 6.6	3/8 9.5	3/4 19.1	1/2 12.7
.315 8.0	1/2 12.7	1 25.4	1/2 12.7
.375 9.5	9/16 14.3	2 50.8	5/8 15.9
.430 10.9	3/4 19.1	2-1/2 63.5	3/4 19.1
.475 12.0	7/8 22.2	2-1/2 63.5	1 25.4

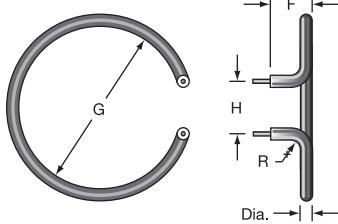


Note: Smaller inside bending radius than listed in the table can be factory accomplished. It requires special forming techniques to prevent damage to the tubular heater. Consult Tempco with your requirements.

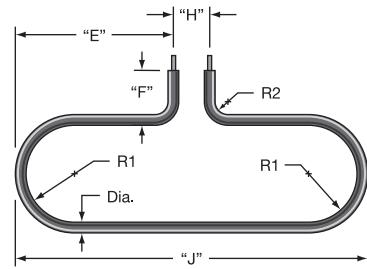


TYPICAL Bend Formations

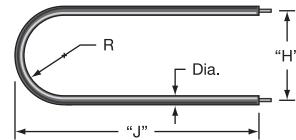
We do custom formations.
Contact Tempco with
your requirements.



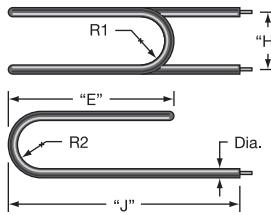
FT1



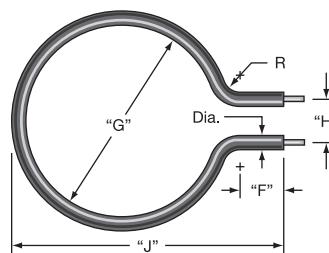
FT2



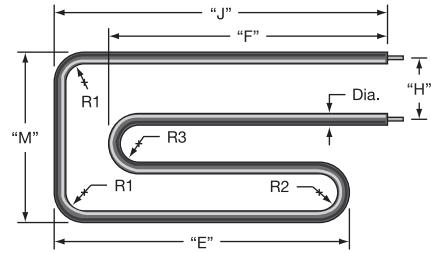
FT3



FT4



FT5



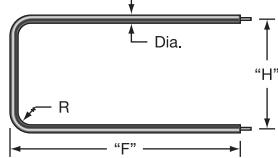
FT6

Tubular Heaters

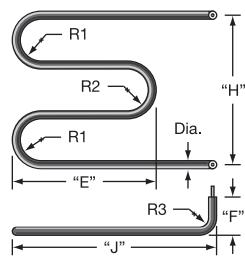


Bend Formations

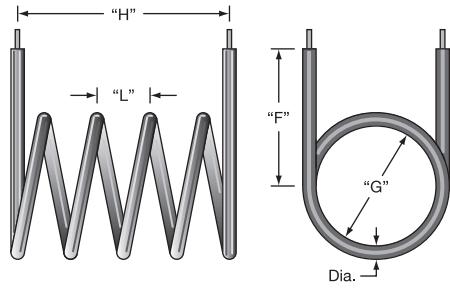
Tubular Heater Standard Bend Formations



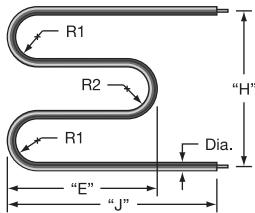
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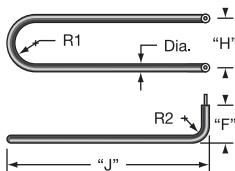
FT8



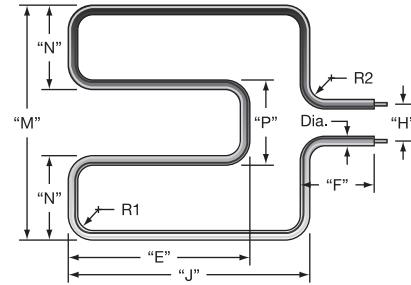
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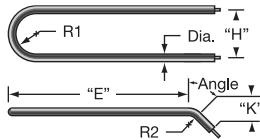
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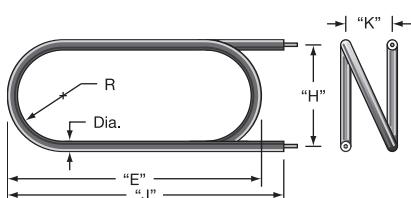
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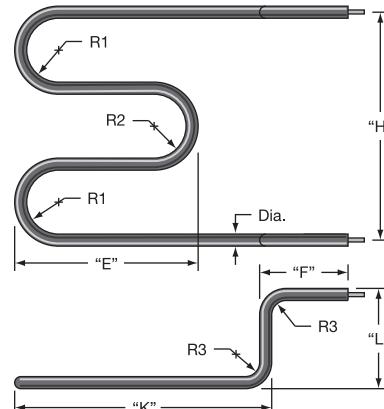
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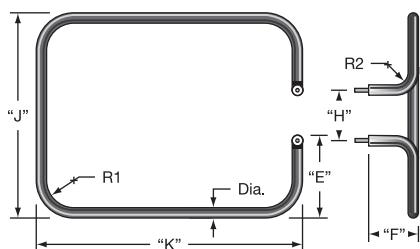
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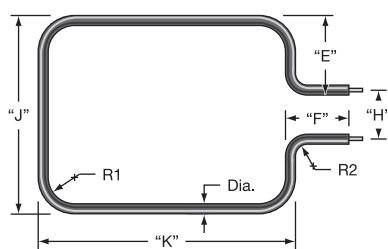
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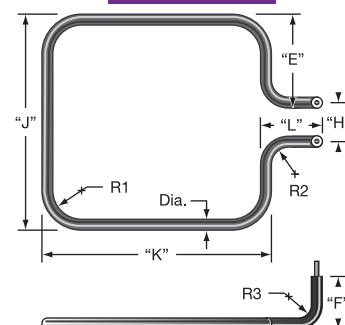
FT15



FT16

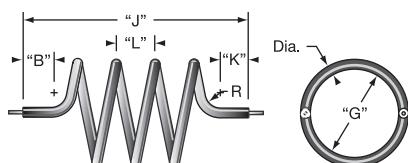


FT17

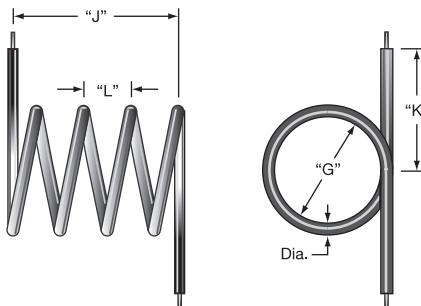


FT18

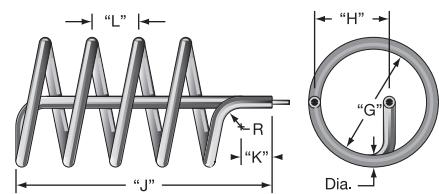
Tubular Heater Standard Bend Formations



FT19



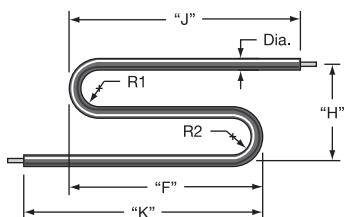
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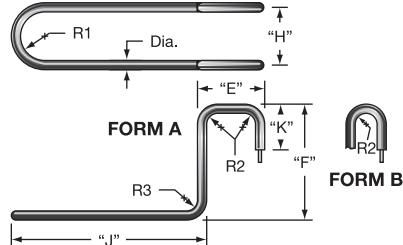
FT21

TYPICAL Bend Formations

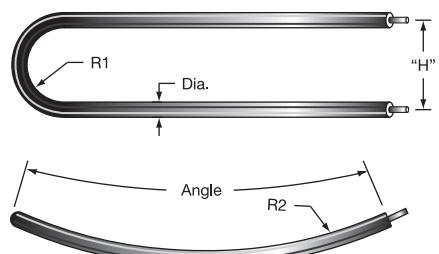
We do custom formations.
Contact Tempco with
your requirements.



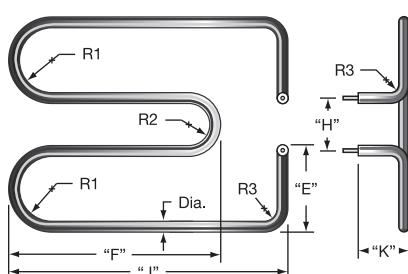
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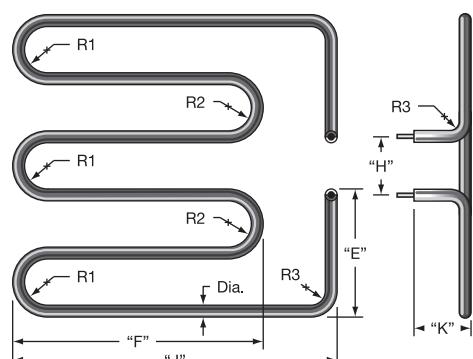
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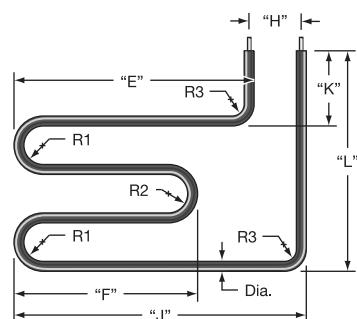
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FT25



FT26



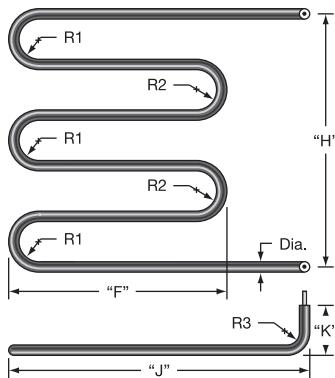
FT27

Tubular Heaters

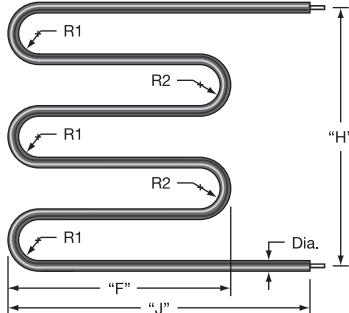


Bend Formations

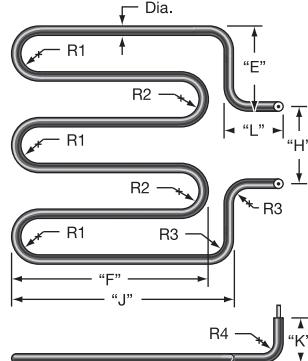
Tubular Heater Standard Bend Formations



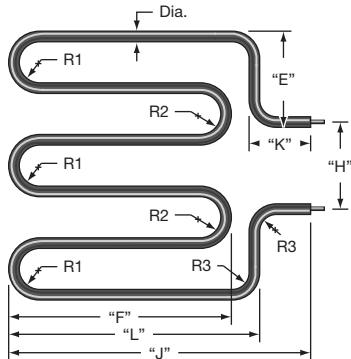
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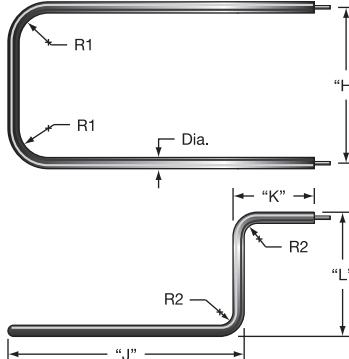
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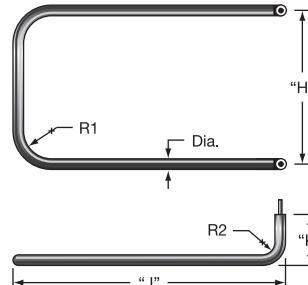
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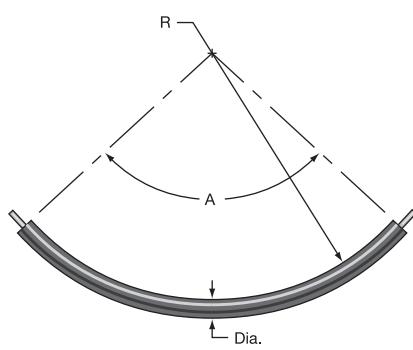
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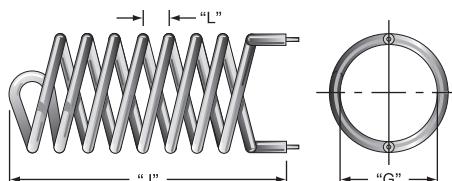
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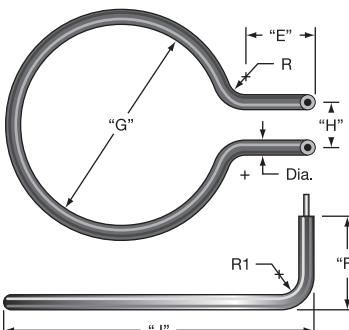
FT33



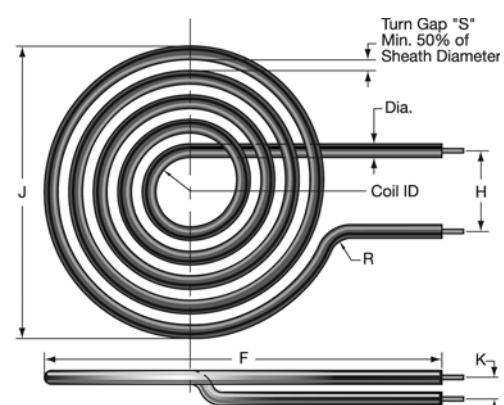
FT34



FT35

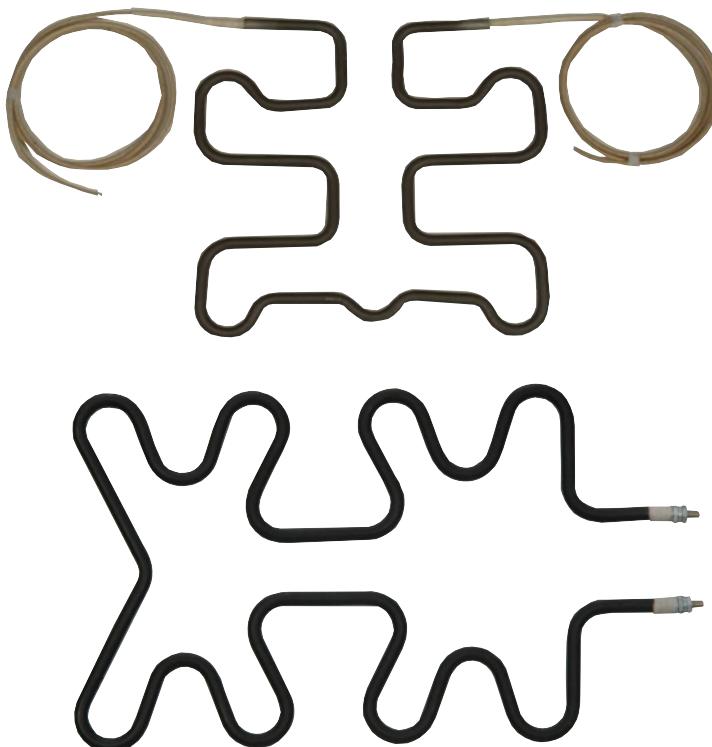


FT36



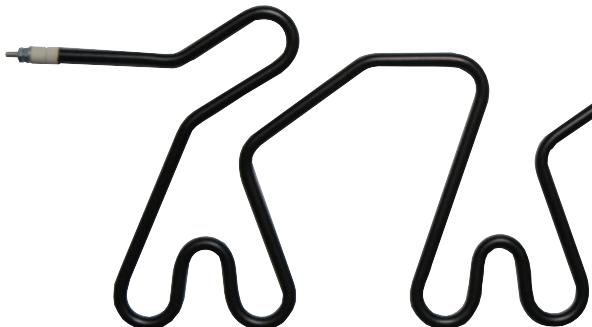
FT37

Tubular Heaters for Hot Runner Manifolds



Examples of Mold Heater Formations

Consult Tempco With Your Requirements.
We Welcome Your Inquiries.



Heat Transfer Cement

When tubular heating elements are used in a milled slot any air gaps between the element and the plate can cause hot spots on the element. Heat transfer cement is used to fill these air gaps, permitting the heater to run cooler, thus maximizing its life expectancy. Cement is water soluble and can be applied with a putty knife or trowel and can be used in temperatures up to 1250°F (675°C).

Part Number **SEA-108-101 (1 Gallon)**
SEA-108-102 (1 Quart)

Construction

Hot Runner Manifold Heaters are made to order using .260", .315" or .375" diameter Incoloy® tubular heating elements. Commonly specified terminations include threaded stud or wire leads.

Important Information on Forming

Precise forming of the tubular heater is required for it to seat properly into the milled slot in the manifold. To ensure this fit, we use a physical template as an inspection tool in the forming process to verify bending accuracy.

The template is a reproduction of the milled slot in the form of a plastic or aluminum plate. It can be customer supplied or manufactured by Tempco. Only through the use of a forming template is bending accuracy guaranteed.

When ordering for new applications:

Supply a drawing or forming template if available.

When ordering for replacement:

Supply a sample heater and/or a drawing of the manifold indicating the milled heater slot.



Note: For heaters originally manufactured by Tempco only the Tempco Part Number is required.



Ordering Information

TEMPCO will design and manufacture a Tubular Hot Runner Manifold Heater to meet your requirements.

Please Specify the following:

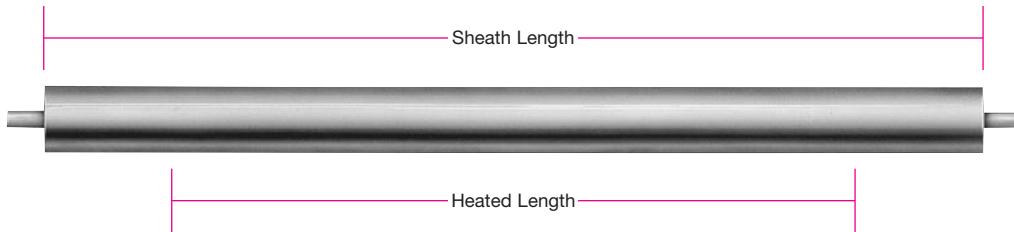
- Wattage and Voltage
- Diameter
- Heated Length
- Unheated Length at each end
- Termination Type (see pages 10-4 and 10-5)
- Supply a Drawing or Template

 **WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Standard Sizes and Ratings

Tubular Heater Standard (Non-Stock) and Stock Sizes and Ratings



Standard tubular heaters are fully annealed for field or factory bending. They are inventoried with plain pin extensions that allow quick installation of Termination Types T, TM, F1, A, E, SF, SF9, L and L9.

Part Numbers listed are for heaters with Type "T" termination. For other terminations a Part Number will be issued at time of order.

Standard (Non-Stock) and Stock Sizes and Ratings with Type T Termination

Stock Items Are Shown In RED

Element Description	Sheath Length in mm	Heated Length in mm	Watts	Part Number 240V	Approximate Net Weight lbs kgs
23 W/in² .475 Dia. Incoloy[®] 840 12 mm (3.6 W/cm²)	39 991	27 686	1000	THE04000	1.0 .5
	54 1372	42 1067	1500	THE04001	1.1 .5
	69 1753	57 1448	2000	THE04002	1.3 .6
	84 2134	72 1829	2500	THE04003	1.4 .6
	99 2515	87 2210	3000	THE04004	1.6 .7
	132 3353	120 3048	4175	THE04005	1.7 .8
	157 3988	145 3683	5000	THE04006	1.8 .8
	20 508	15 381	400	THE04007	.2 .1
	25 635	20 508	500	THE04008	.2 .1
	30 762	25 635	600	THE04009	.2 .1
30 W/in² .260 Dia. Incoloy[®] 840 6.6 mm (4.7 W/cm²)	35 889	30 762	800	THE03384	.3 .1
	40 1016	35 889	900	THE04010	.3 .1
	45 1143	40 1016	1000	THE04011	.4 .2
	50 1270	45 1143	1200	THE04012	.4 .2
	55 1397	50 1270	1200	THE03383	.4 .2
	60 1524	55 1397	1400	THE03373	.5 .2
	65 1651	60 1524	1600	THE02648	.5 .2
	70 1778	65 1651	1800	THE04013	.6 .3
	75 1905	70 1778	1800	THE04014	.6 .3
	80 2032	75 1905	2000	THE04015	.6 .3
30 W/in² .315 Dia. Incoloy[®] 840 8.0 mm (4.7 W/cm²)	15 381	10 254	300	THE04016	.2 .1
	20 508	15 381	400	THE04017	.3 .1
	25 635	20 508	600	THE04018	.3 .1
	30 762	25 635	800	THE04019	.4 .2
	35 889	30 762	900	THE03328	.5 .2
	40 1016	35 889	1000	THE04020	.5 .2
	45 1143	40 1016	1200	THE04021	.6 .3
	50 1270	45 1143	1400	THE04022	.7 .3
	55 1397	50 1270	1600	THE04023	.7 .3
	60 1524	55 1397	1800	THE03134	.8 .4

Tubular Heater Standard (Non-Stock) and Stock Sizes and Ratings

Standard (Non-Stock) and Stock Sizes and Ratings with Type T Termination
Stock Items Are Shown In RED

Element Description	Sheath Length in mm	Heated Length in mm	Watts	Part Number 240V	Approximate Net Weight lbs kgs
30 W/in² .430 Dia. Incoloy® 840 10.9 mm (4.7 W/cm ²)	15 381	10 254	400	THE04029	.3 .1
	20 508	15 381	600	THE04030	.5 .2
	25 635	20 508	800	THE04031	.6 .3
	30 762	25 635	1000	THE04032	.7 .3
	35 889	30 762	1200	THE04033	.8 .4
	40 1016	35 889	1400	THE04034	.9 .4
	45 1143	40 1016	1600	THE04035	1.0 .5
	50 1270	45 1143	1800	THE04036	1.1 .5
	55 1397	50 1270	2000	THE03415	1.3 .6
	60 1524	55 1397	2200	THE03376	1.4 .6
	65 1651	60 1524	2400	THE04037	1.5 .7
	70 1778	65 1651	2600	THE04038	1.6 .7
	75 1905	70 1778	2800	THE04039	1.7 .8
	80 2032	75 1905	3000	THE04040	1.8 .8
	90 2286	85 2159	3500	THE04041	2.0 .9
	100 2540	95 2413	4000	THE03593	2.3 1.0
	110 2794	105 2667	4500	THE03067	2.5 1.1
	120 3048	115 2921	5000	THE04042	2.7 1.2
40 W/in² .375 Dia. Incoloy® 840 9.5 mm (6.2 W/cm ²)	21 1/16 535	16 13/16 427	800	THE04043	.4 .2
	27 1/8 689	22 1/8 581	1100	THE04044	.5 .2
	32 1/8 816	27 1/8 708	1300	THE04045	.6 .3
	42 1/8 1089	38 1/8 981	1800	THE04046	.8 .4
	57 1/2 1461	53 1/4 1353	2500	THE04047	1.1 .5
	69 1/4 1759	65 1651	3000	THE04048	1.3 .6
	81 1/4 2064	77 1956	3600	THE04049	1.5 .7
	109 1/4 2775	105 2667	4000	THE04050	2.1 1.0
	134 1/2 3416	127 3/4 3245	5000	THE04051	2.5 1.1
	153 3/8 3896	145 1/8 3705	5500	THE04052	2.9 1.3
	179 1/4 4553	171 1/4 4350	6500	THE04053	3.4 1.5
48 W/in² .475 Dia. Incoloy® 840 12 mm (7.4 W/cm ²)	23 584	14 356	1000	THE04054	.6 .3
	30 762	21 533	1500	THE04055	.9 .4
	39 991	27 686	2000	THE04056	1.1 .5
	44 1118	35 889	2500	THE04057	1.3 .6
	54 1372	42 1067	3000	THE04058	1.6 .7
	69 1753	57 1448	4000	THE04059	2.0 .9
	84 2134	72 1829	5000	THE04060	2.2 1.0
	99 2515	87 2210	6000	THE04061	2.8 1.3
	149 3785	133 3378	9720	THE04062	4.0 1.8

Ordering Information

Catalog Heaters

Part Numbers in **RED** are in stock for immediate delivery with Type T termination.

Termination Types TM, F1, A, E, SF, SF9, L, and L9 can be applied to stock heaters. For these terminations the Heater Part Number will be issued at time of order.

Non-Stock Part Numbers are standard designs that are available straight in 2 weeks and formed in 4 weeks.

Custom Engineered/Manufactured Heaters

An electric heater can be very application specific; for sizes and ratings not listed, **TEMPCO** will design and manufacture a tubular heater to meet your requirements. **Standard lead time is 4 weeks.**

Please Specify the following:

- Type of Application
- Wattage and Voltage
- Diameter
- Heated Length
- Unheated Length at Each End
- Sheath Material
- Termination Type
- Type of Mounting, if Required
- Type of Moisture Seal, if Required
- Bending Configuration (supply Drawing and/or Sample)

 **WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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The Tubular Heater — The Most Customizable Electric Heating Element



Type ART Tubular Radiant Heater Arrays



Tempco can design and manufacture a custom tubular heater array for applications requiring infrared heat. Call for details.

Other type infrared heaters can be found in Section 7.



Quote Request

Tubular Heater, Finned Tubular Heater and Single Ended Tubular Heater Quote Request

Made-To-Order Quote Request Form — Copy and Fax (630-350-0232) us your requirements.

Customer Drawing

Name _____
Company _____
Address _____

Phone _____ Fax _____
Email _____

Application Information

Describe in Detail _____

Air or Immersion _____
Maximum Load Temperature _____
Quantity _____

Specifications

Type: Standard _____ Finned _____ Single Ended _____
Sheath Material _____
Diameter _____ Fin Dia. if applies _____
Overall Sheath Length _____
Cold Section: 1st end _____ 2nd end _____
Watts _____ Volts _____
UL _____ cUL _____ CSA _____ CE _____
Termination Type _____ (Type T - standard screw)

Standard Options

Mounting: MC _____ LR _____ Location: _____ MF _____
Bulkhead Fittings _____ Material _____ Flange Type _____
Describe if Custom _____

Moisture Seals

Moisture Seals: None _____
Optional: Style SS: Type V2A _____ Type V2B _____
Style SER: Type R _____ Type R1 _____
Style SEH: Type V _____ Type V1 _____
Type M _____ Type H _____

Describe if Custom _____

Optional Sheath Surface Treatments

(For Incoloy® and Stainless Steel Sheath Elements only)

Passivation _____ Bright Annealing _____
Electro-Polishing _____
Other _____

Bends and Shapes

Standard Formation Code _____

Specify Letters and Corresponding Dimensions Below:

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____
_____ _____ _____ _____ _____
_____ _____ _____ _____ _____

Number of Bends if known

Single/Multiple _____ Plane _____
Coils/Turns _____ Dia. _____
Circle: Full _____ Dia. _____ Partial _____ Degree _____

Describe if Custom: _____

⚠ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

View Product Inventory @ www.tempco.com